

TRUE WEST REVISTED:

AUTHENTIC DEVELOPMENT PATTERNS FOR SMALL TOWNS AND RURAL AREAS

PROMISE FULFILLED OR DRY MIRAGE?



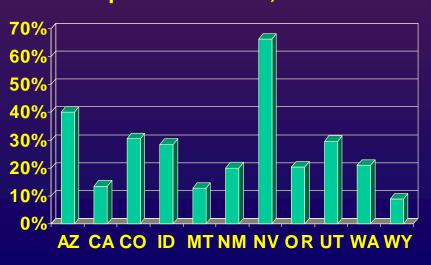




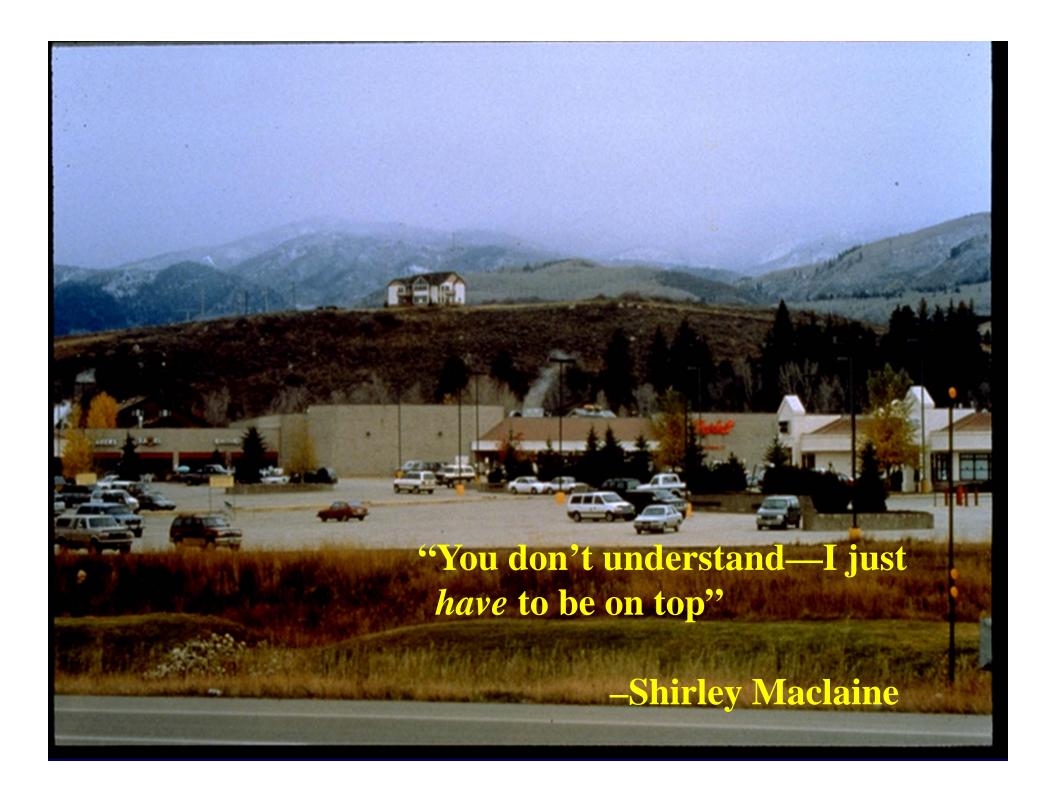
- West is fastest growing region in the country
- * A mediocre track record responding to growth in the 1990s
- Growing recognition of natural limits to growth



Population Growth, 1990-2000

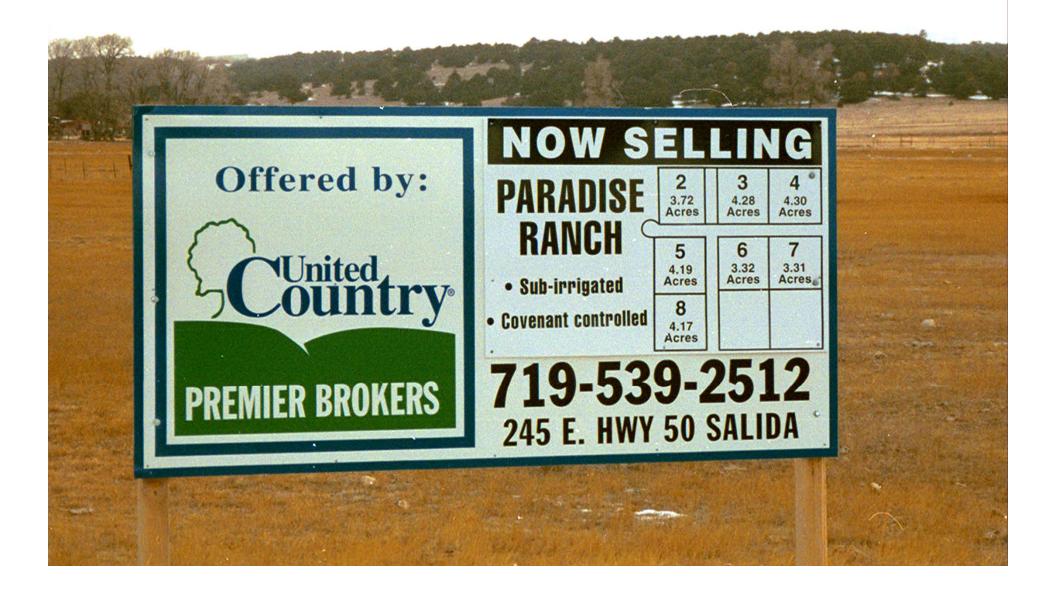




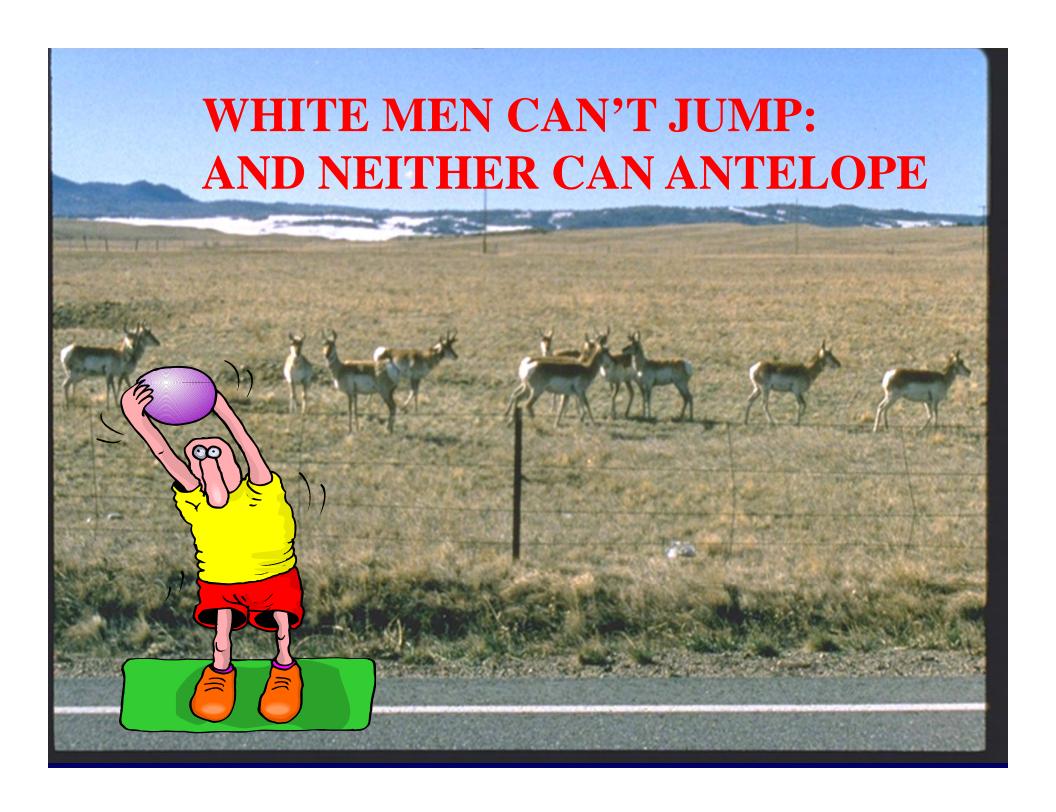




A SLICE OF PARADISE???







"We are rearranging the Alhambra with a steam shovel, and we are proud of our yardage" -- Aldo Leopold







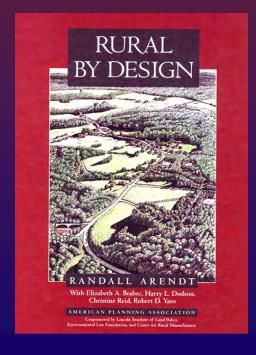
- Fastest growing region in the country again
- * New challenges—climate change and sustainability, energy development, cost of growth, politics....
- * Have promising plans and tools worked??

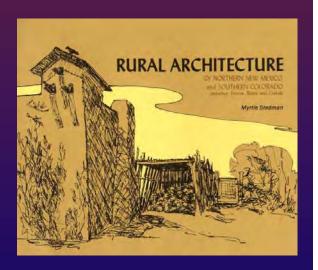




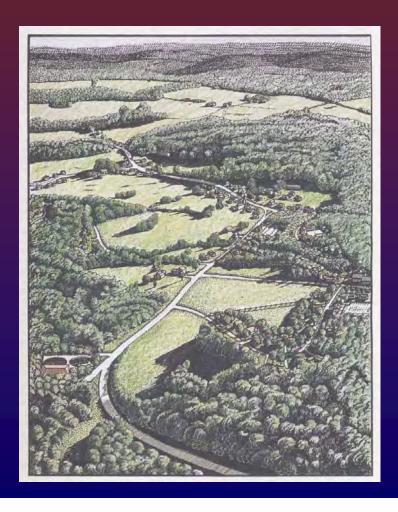
HOW WE GOT STARTED: LOOKING FOR WORTHY PRECEDENTS







EASTERN SOLUTIONS DON'T ALWAYS COMPUTE







- Climate Extremes—Dry, Hot, Cold
- Extensive Federal Ownership
- Fragile Environment/Wildlife
- Explosive Growth
- Wide Open Spaces and Majestic Scenery
- Native American, Spanish, Mormon Influences



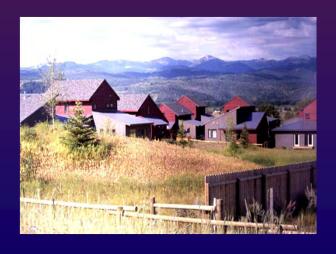






- Demonstrate that development <u>can</u> be done better
- Present simple, systematic way based on historical precedents and modern best practices
- No formulaic answers

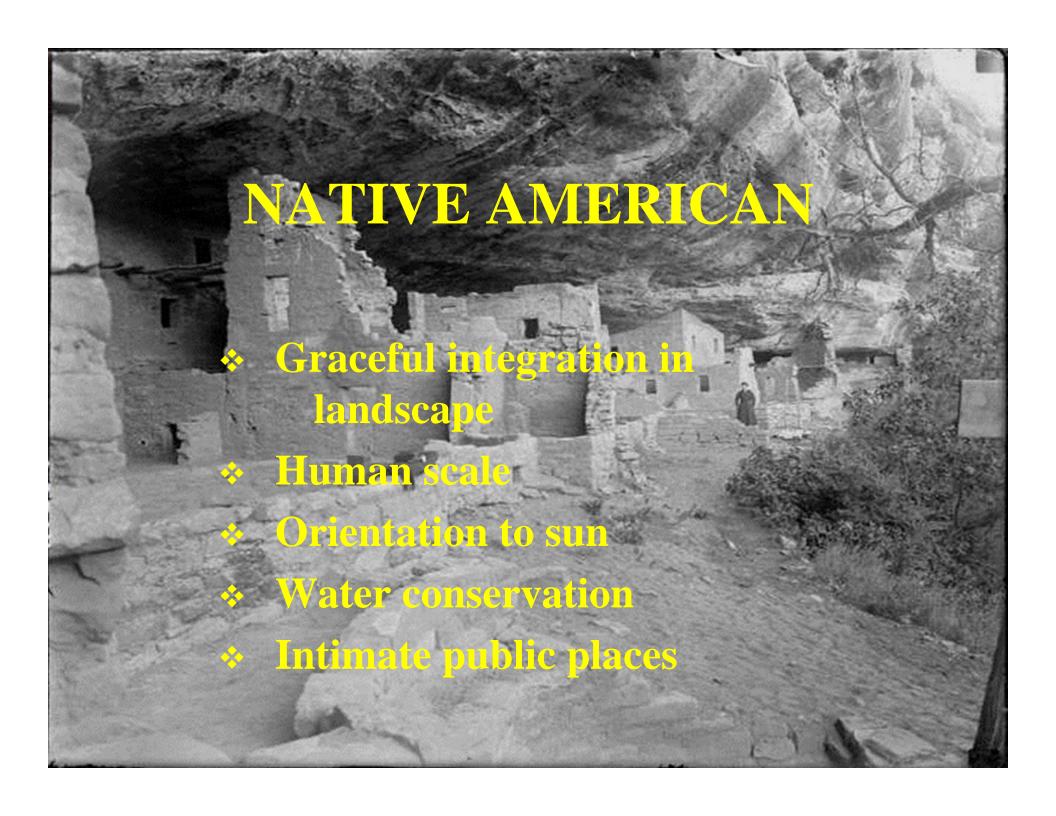




HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT PATTERNS

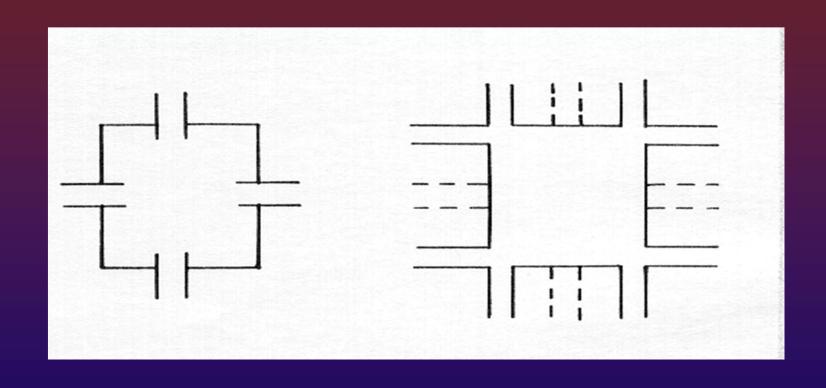
FOUR MAJOR INFLUENCES:

- 1. NATIVE AMERICAN
- 2. SPANISH LAW OF THE INDIES
- 3. RAILROAD TOWNS
- 4. MORMON TOWN PLANNING



SPANISHILAW OF THE INDIES

- Focus town on intimate public squares
- Public squares—design with nature
- Use grid for sun exposure
- Use narrow streets for shade
- Arcades for shelter
- Consistent building materials/styles



Old World

New World

RAILROAD TOWNS AND THE GRID

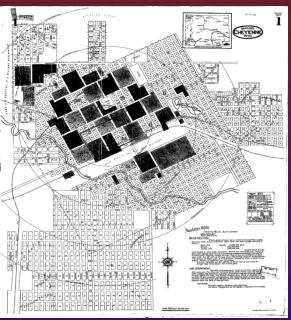
SYSTEM

ADVANTAGES OF THE GRID

- Unlimited expansion
- Sun exposure and views
- Wagon turning radius

DISADVANTAGES OF THE GRID

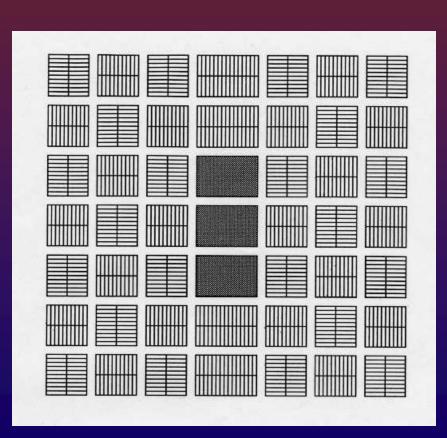
- Not appropriate for all terrains
- ***** Lack of respect for environment
- Can lead to sprawl





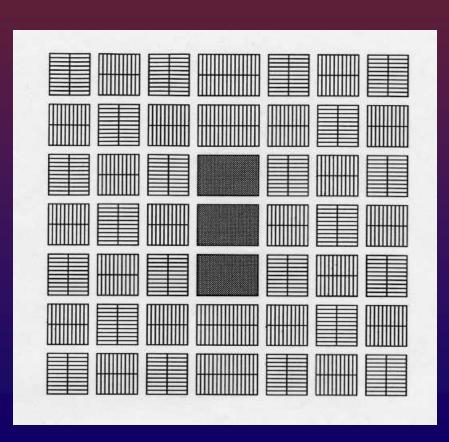


- Compact, nucleated farming community vs. dispersal
- **Population of** 15,000-20,000
- 1 square mile with 660 X 660 sq ft blocks





- **Streets 132 feet wide**
- One house/lot and uniform 25-foot setback
- Houses of brick and stone
- 3 central blocks for public buildings and temples



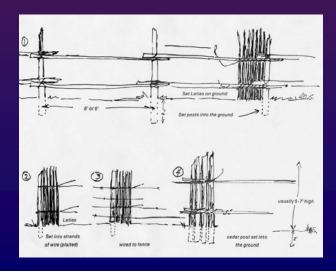






- Clustered building patterns
- Simple, land-hugging architecture
- Steeply pitched roofs in mountains; lower profiles in flat/rolling terrain
- Natural colors—but not always
- Fencing and other site elements







- **♦ 7 Major and 17 Focused Case Studies**
- Organization
 - -- Geographic, climatic, social setting
 - --Regulatory standards and planning processes
 - -- Project description/key elements
 - -- Market success
 - --Western pattern language lessons



Douglas County Rural Site Plan: Its Rise & Demise

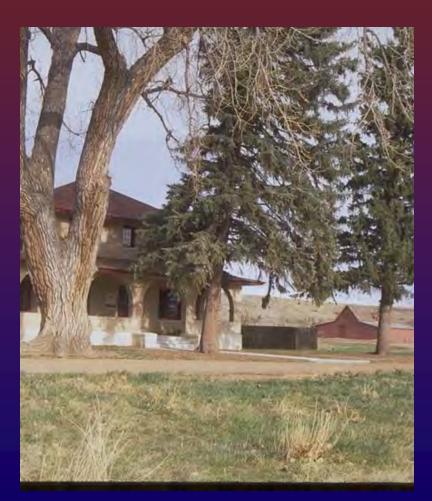
- *****Achievements
 - * 14 Rural Site Plans approved in 14 years
 - **♦ 580 exempt lots**
 - **⋄** 7000 + acres of open space preserved
 - Lambert Ranch (featured case study) 90% built out, approved with 25% density bonus





Up to 100% density bonus (1 unit/17.5 acres):

- **♦ 67% open space preserved**
- Design standards compatible with natural environment
- No fencing in conservation easement
- Paved roads and off-site improvements





- *Open space and scenic rural landscapes
- *Wetland /riparian areas
- Critical wildlife habitat
- *Minimize tree, vegetation and soil disturbance
- *Historical and archaeological features





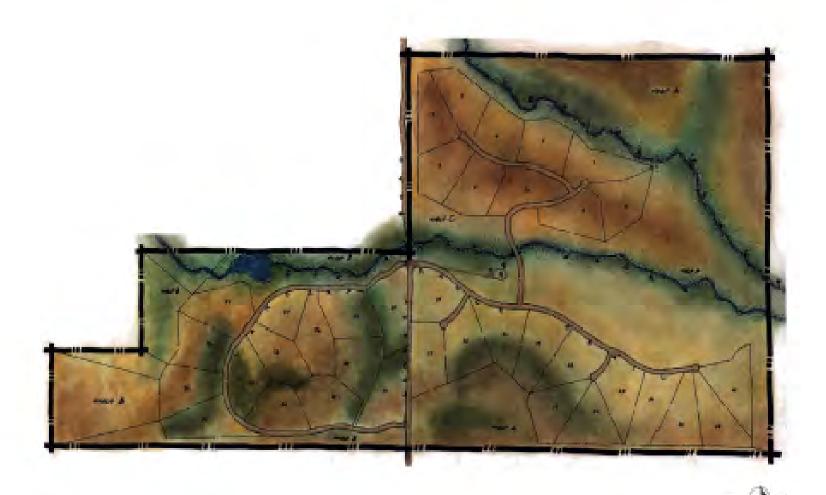
- *850 acres & 39 home sites
- * 25% density bonus beyond standard 1 dwelling per 35 acres
- ♦ 50% open space
- * No fencing
- Preserve historic ranch buildings



LAMBERT RANCH RURAL SITE PLAN

DOUGLAS COUNTY COLORADO

923,44 ACRES 31 RESIDENTIAL LOTS





- ***Ever-lengthening** approval timeframes
- ***Increasing** requirements, less predictability
- *Larger properties, more lots, smaller lots



*Majority sited in western half of county



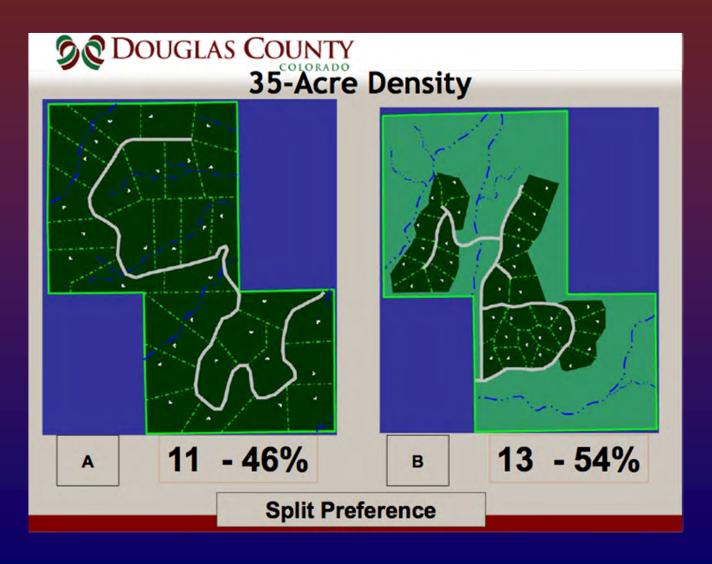
No forum for public input (limited transparency)

Low build-out rates

* Board vs. staff roles confusing

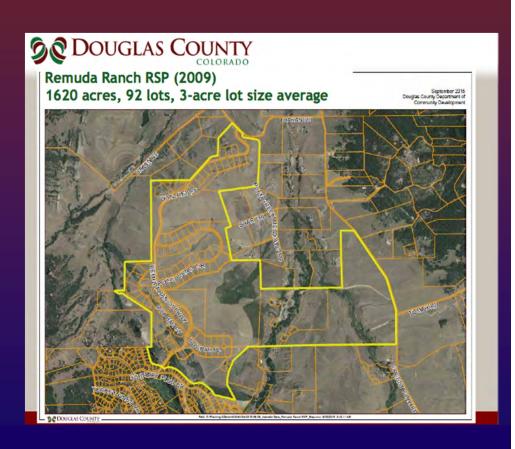
* Rural character and scale not preserved





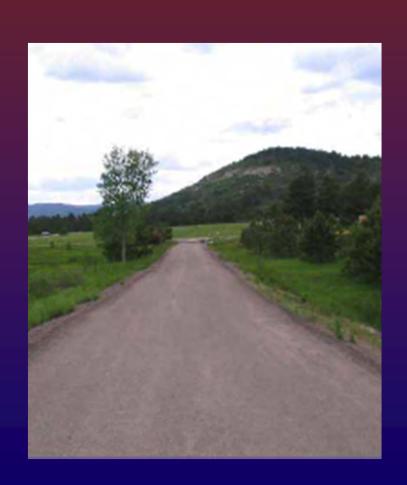


- *Remuda Ranch RSP approved Feb. 2009 (no bldg. permits ever pulled)
- Rural Site Plan process repealed April 2009



Multiple Strategies to Preserve Rural Values

- *Design guidelines, not regulations
- **Scalable standards**
- *New rural roadway design standards (gravel for small developments; 5 different cross-section options)
- *Rural residential driveways —3 homes





Single lot wildfire mitigation plan by

County Mitigation Specialist

Rural fire fighting standards for water supplies

- Political direction: incentives and opportunities
- Exemptions simplified
- As-built site improvement plans
- Restrict driveways on prominent landforms





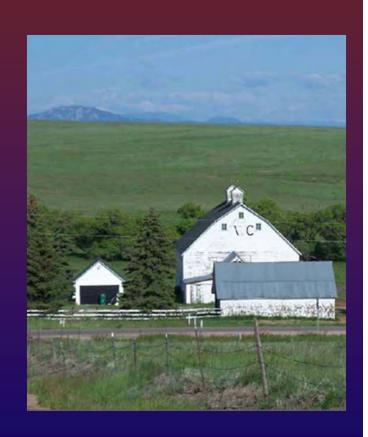
- ***Promote new economic** opportunities on larger acreages
 - ***Entertainment events —**challenges with bldg. code
 compliance, access, parking, noise
 - *Agricultural production farmers markets and roadside stands, value-added processing
 - *Hay sales, imported
 - **&Event centers**





Lessons Learned

- Long range planning matters
- *Creeping regulatory complexity can kill
- *If it looks, walks, and quacks like a duck, it is a duck
- *Rural is more a state of mind, not a density
- ***Solutions demand multiple,** coordinated strategies

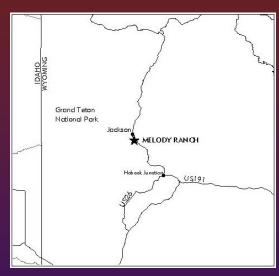


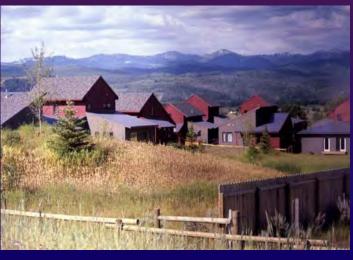
Teton County/MelodyRanch: Rise of

the NIMBYs

*90% built out

- *Auto-centricity reinforced: new residents resist scheduled buses
- Residents oppose commercial services
- *Rise of the NIMBYs: Melody Ranch residents oppose and help defeat two development proposals to the west





Teton County—Natural Resources

Overlay

- ***Substantial acreage preserved for wildlife habitat, but no population data**
- ***Best way to process? Expert analysis & procedural review vs. qualitative analysis by county experts**
- *Site specific analysis (landowner concerns) vs. landscape scale (neighbor concerns)
- ***Success at site / project level, but** verdict not in on landscape scale



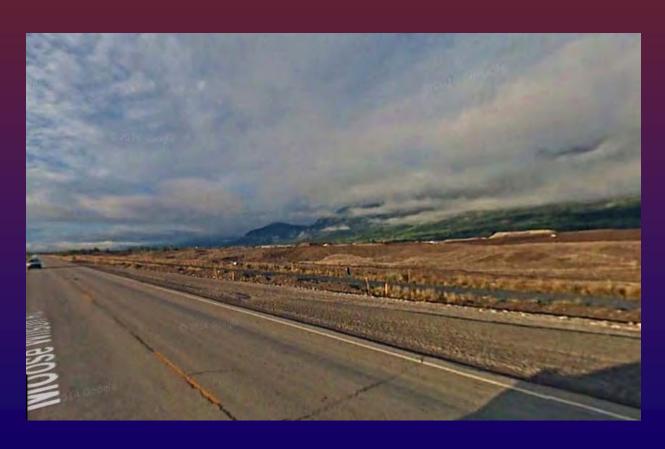


Teton County: Scenic Resources Overlay—Lots To Do About BERMS

- ***Successful at project/site and landscape level**
- Good job at protecting skylines
- Difficulty in applying the foregrounding standards
- **Significant time spent discussing berms**



Teton County - New Projects Under SRO



Shooting Star golf course and cabins —berms under construction

Teton County - New Projects Under NRO



South Park Loop Road, Three Creek
Ranch Golf Club with a private Cutthroat
fly-fishing sanctuary

Teton County Lessons Learned

- *Lock in desired outcomes as early as possible-political dynamics change as new residents settle in
- Need population data to evaluate success of wildlife protection regulations
- Landscape scale remains the most challenging
- *Greater clarity on desired outcomes for foregrounding treatments (berm issue)



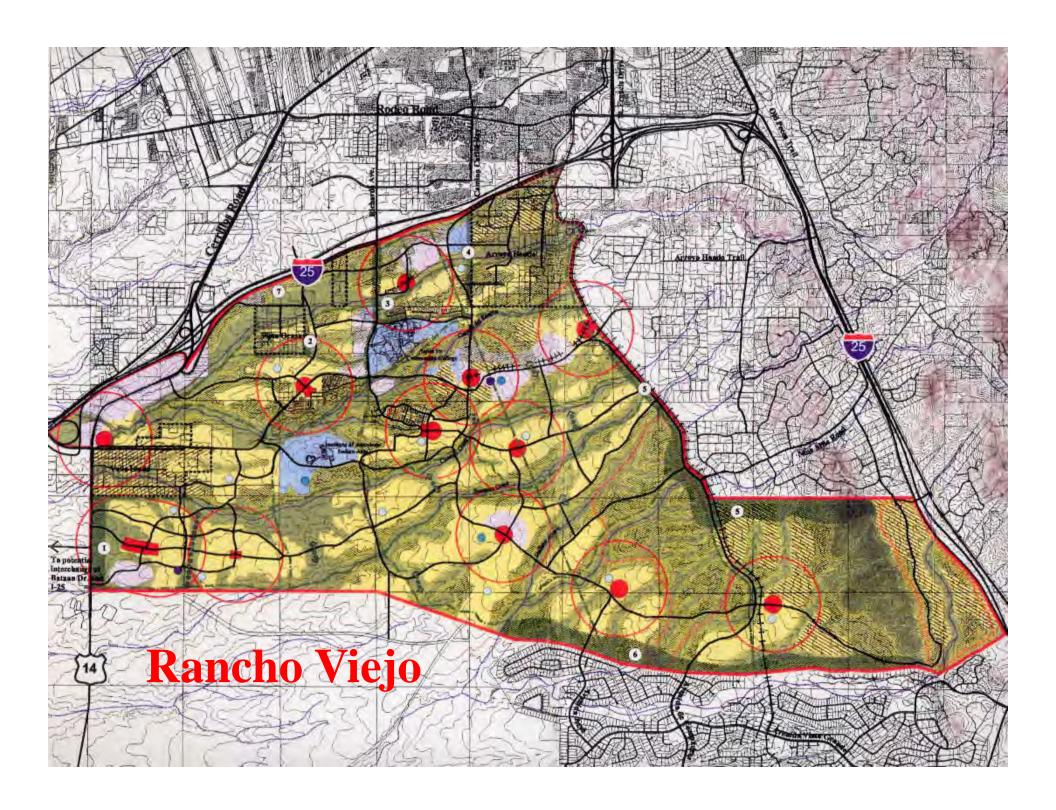
The Place

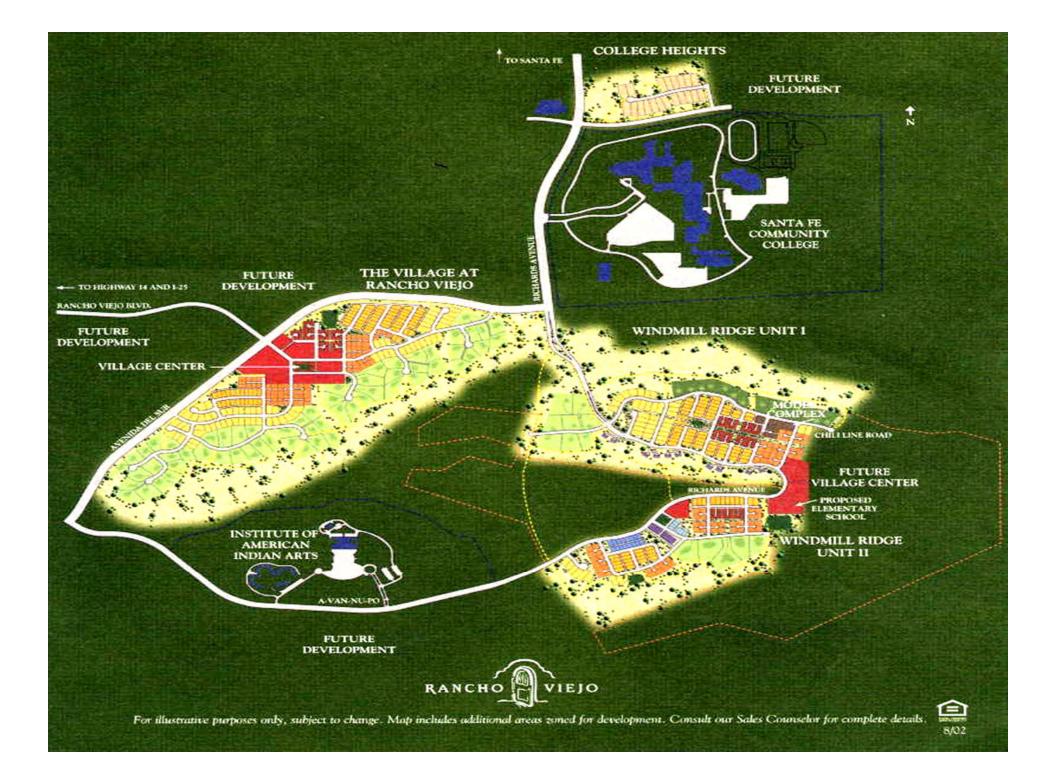
- High desert--piñon and sage
- Economy: tourism, government, second homes

* New Ruralism:

- Alternative To Sprawl—Defined growth areas
- Mixed Use
- Open Space With Connections
- Traditional Design/Landscaping
- ***** Transportation Options

















- Popular residential area-variety of housing prices and types
- Attractive design and waterconserving landscaping
- Mixed success with interior mixed development
- * Infrastructure breakdown-traffic and water/sewage
- Most county growth in Community College District



Measuring Success And Lessons Learned

- Successful open space and trails and inclusionary housing standards included in new code
- * 2010/15 Sustainable GMP incorporates key elements of CCD: compact, amenities, mixed-use, housing mix
- Urban growth boundary and proposed code too inflexible already growth in rural areas.
- *** ETC: TDRs and Tea Parties**

Castle Rock, CO: Ridgeline Protection





- *Small town on edge of booming Denver metro area
 - --Interstate access
 - --Outlet mall
 - --Attractive western landscape



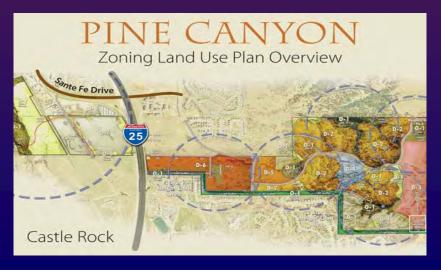


- *Ridgeline/Skyline Protection
 - *Computer view simulations from 232 viewing platforms
 - *3 Skyline subareas defined
 - *No-build areas, height limits, and controls on roof colors/materials
 - *Tree planting requirements



- View maps helped shape new development layout
- Key ridges protected as open space set asides or parks
- Tree planting critical-also helped soften development that had vested rights
- Variance requests based on use of weather balloons helped fine tune administration







- Regs needed adjusting for commercial areas, signage, etc.
- Some gaps between planning and building/zoning
- No guidebook for colors/materials
- Tree-planting requirement challenging on small lots

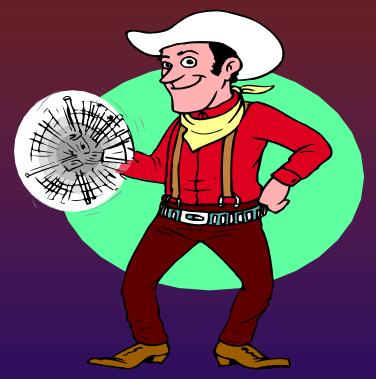




True West Implementation

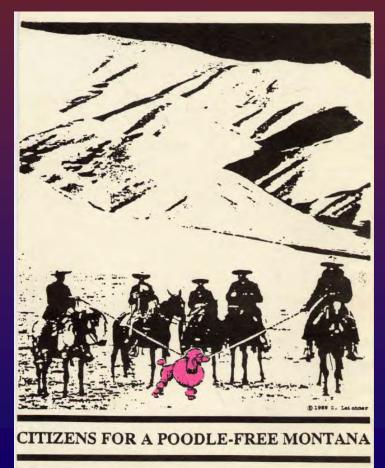


IMPLEMENTATION TOOL BOX



"In the West, a six-shooter and a smile are sometimes more persuasive than a smile alone." -Teddy Roosevelt

EXOTIC TOOLS YET TO BE TESTED





Key Questions

Vhere did the original homesteaders or Native Americans uild?

Vhat architectural features and site elements like fencing re distinctive?

Vhat building materials were used?

low wide are the streets in the center of town and in old eighborhoods?

Vhat role did public spaces and parks play in focusing ommunity life?

Vhat are the traditional building setbacks and heights?

Low did these elements work together to form the character four community?

