Myths and Facts About Housing

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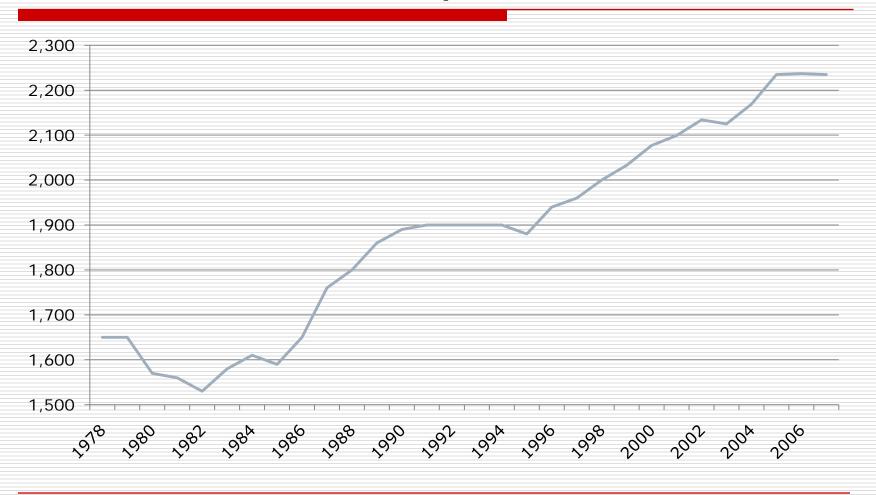
Chief Economist

National Association of Home Builders

Myths

- Homes and lots are getting larger
- Housing doesn't pay for itself
- Homes are responsible for greenhouse gas emissions
- Builders don't build what consumers want

House Size in Sq Ft



Lot Size in Sq Ft



Fiscal Expenses per Housing Unit

| | Single Family | Multifamily |
|----------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| Education | 1,418 | 825 |
| Police Protection | 446 | 332 |
| Fire Protection | 204 | 152 |
| Corrections | 143 | 107 |
| Streets and Highways | 55 | 38 |
| Water Supply | 154 | 81 |
| Sewerage | 85 | 44 |
| Health | 189 | 141 |
| Recreation and Culture | 212 | 158 |
| Other General Government | 691 | 514 |
| Electric Utilities | 149 | 111 |
| Gas Utilities | 19 | 14 |
| Public Transit | 12 | 9 |
| | _ | |
| Other Government Functions | 6 | 5 |
| Total | 3,784 | 2,530 |

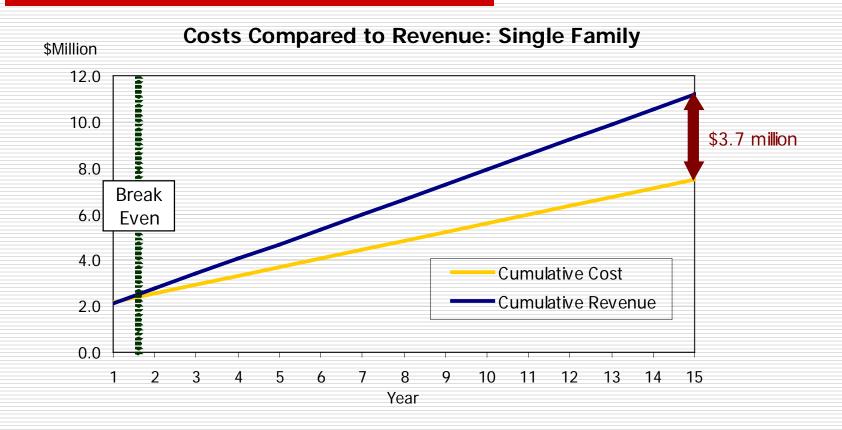
Housing's Net 'Cost'

□ Cost = schools + roads + EMS + libraries +.....
= \$3,784

□ Revenue = \$200,000 * 1%= \$2,000 property tax

 \square Net = -\$1,784

Real Net



Energy and Greenhouse Gas Emissions in Housing

| Sector | Energy Consumption | | CO ₂ Emissions | |
|----------------|--------------------|-------|---------------------------|-------|
| Sector | (Trillion BT | Us) | (Million Metric Tons) | |
| Industrial | 31,982 | 32.0% | 1,804 | 30.0% |
| Transportation | 28,065 | 28.1% | 1,877 | 31.2% |
| Residential | 21,874 | 21.9% | 1,266 | 21.1% |
| Commercial | 17,968 | 18.0% | 1,061 | 17.7% |

Annual Energy Review and Emissions of Greenhouse Gases in the United States 2005, Energy Information Administration.

Energy Use by Age of House

| | Before 1940 | 1950-1959 | 1970-1979 | 1990-2001 |
|---|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| I. Energy consumption per unit in 1000 Btu | | | | |
| Electricity consumed at the residence | 5,647 | 7,861 | 14,906 | 13,355 |
| Energy used to generate the electricity | 16,882 | 23,503 | 44,563 | 39,928 |
| Other energy used for HVAC | 77,482 | 51,328 | 32,901 | 35,249 |
| Total energy used for HVAC | 100,011 | 82,693 | 92,370 | 88,531 |
| II. 1000 Btu per square foot of heated area | | | | |
| Electricity consumed at the residence | 3.98 | 6.23 | 9.05 | 6.65 |
| Energy used to generate the electricity | 11.89 | 18.63 | 27.05 | 19.87 |
| Other energy used for HVAC | 47.39 | 31.80 | 19.18 | 16.48 |
| Total energy used for HVAC | 63.26 | 56.67 | 55.28 | 43.00 |
| Average square feet of heated area | 1,974 | 1,876 | 2,024 | 2,578 |
| No. single family detached homes (1000s) | 11,210 | 10,597 | 9,384 | 9,563 |

Other energy includes natural gas, fuel oil, liquified petroleum gas, kerosene, wood, and solar power

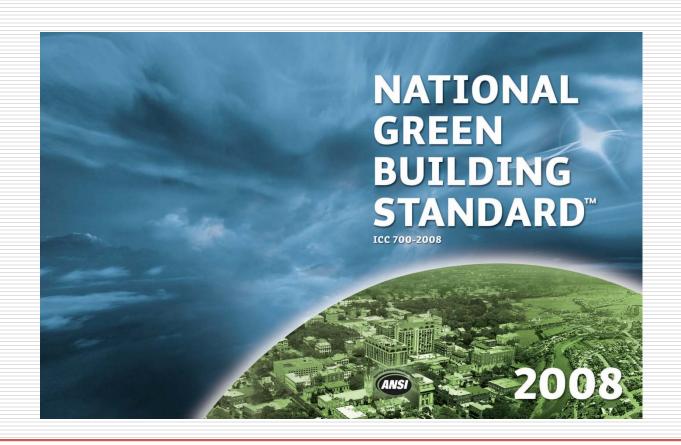
Changes to Base Model

| | | use electric stove at least once a | _ |
|-----------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | 0.40/ | day | 10.9% |
| one ceiling fan | 3.1% | leave the warmer of coffee maker | |
| two ceiling fans | 6.3% | on over 1 hour | 10.6% |
| refrigerator with side by side | | use electric toaster | 5.5% |
| doors | 22.1% | use an old separate freezer | 5.5% |
| two refrigerators rather than one | 33.9% | use a large separate freezer | 13.3% |
| separate freezer in addition to | 00.00/ | use dishwasher daily | 41.0% |
| refrigerator | 22.0% | load clothes washer 2-4 times | |
| hot tub or spa | 50.8% | per week | 1.9% |
| heated pool | 131.4% | load clothes washer 5-9 times | |
| two DVD/VCRs instead of one | 4.5% | per week | 14.8% |
| three DVD/VCRs instead of one | 6.8% | load clothes washer more than | 43.7% |
| | | 10 times per week | 43.7 70 |
| two TV sets instead of one | 8.6% | have a separate fax machine or | 0.00/ |
| three TV sets instead of one | 12.9% | copier | 9.3% |
| use coffee maker at least once a | | have a personal computer | 2.6% |
| day | 4.3% | use PC 16-40 hours per week | 11.5% |

Annual Vehicle CO₂ Emissions per 100 Homes

| Compactness of Subdivision* (housing units per acre) | CO ₂ emissions (1000 lbs) | Gasoline use (1000 gallons) | Vehicle Miles Traveled (1000 miles) | Average speed different from the optimal (45 mph) |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| Under 0.08 | 2,313.9 | 119.5 | 2,471.7 | 16.0 |
| 0.08 to 0.39 | 2,137.2 | 110.4 | 2,311.7 | 17.7 |
| 0.39 to 1.56 | 1,965.9 | 101.5 | 2,232.1 | 19.9 |
| 1.56 to 4.69 | 1,756.7 | 90.7 | 1,995.9 | 21.9 |
| 4.69 to 7.81 | 1,724.6 | 89.1 | 1,958.4 | 23.7 |
| 7.81 or more | 1,542.9 | 79.7 | 1,763.3 | 25.4 |

NAHB ANSI-Approved Green Building Standard

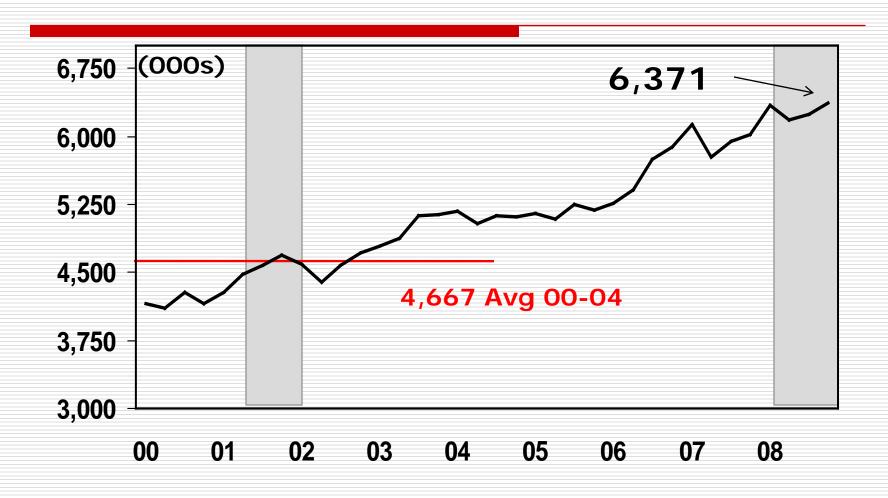


Industry of Small Companies

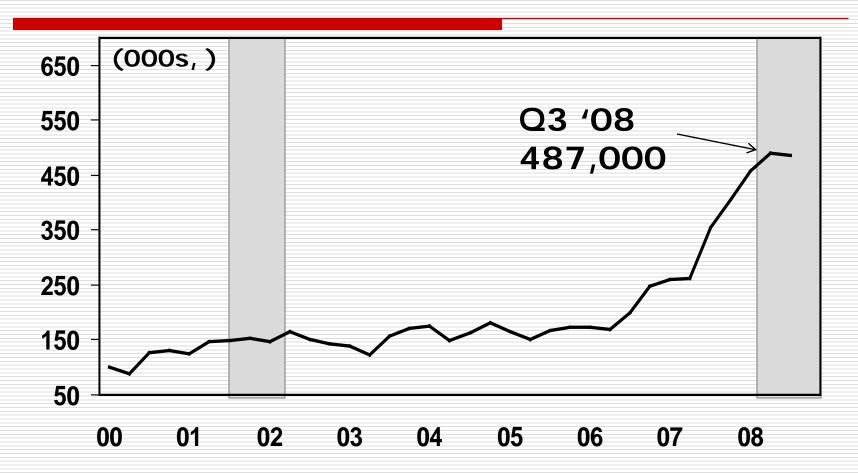
- 80 percent of firms produce 25 or fewer homes per year
- 10 firms produce < 25% of for-sale homes</p>
- Intense competition
- Location dependent on:
 - demand
 - Land approval process

What Now?

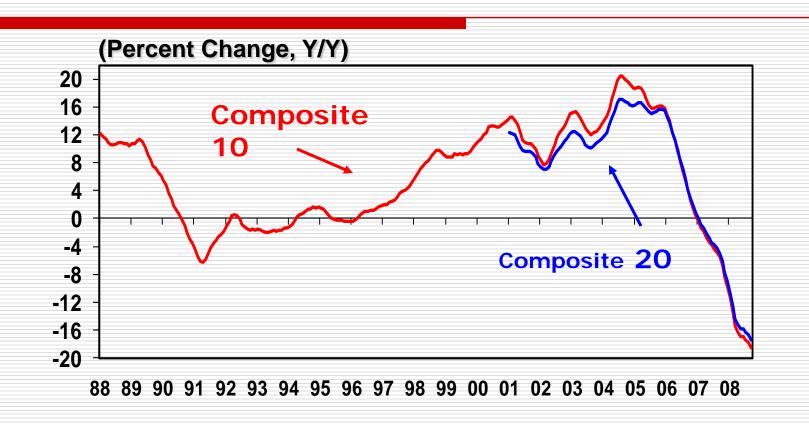
Vacant Year-Round Housing Units For-Sale & For-Rent



Number of Foreclosures (Started During Quarter)



S&P/Case-Shiller Home Price Index

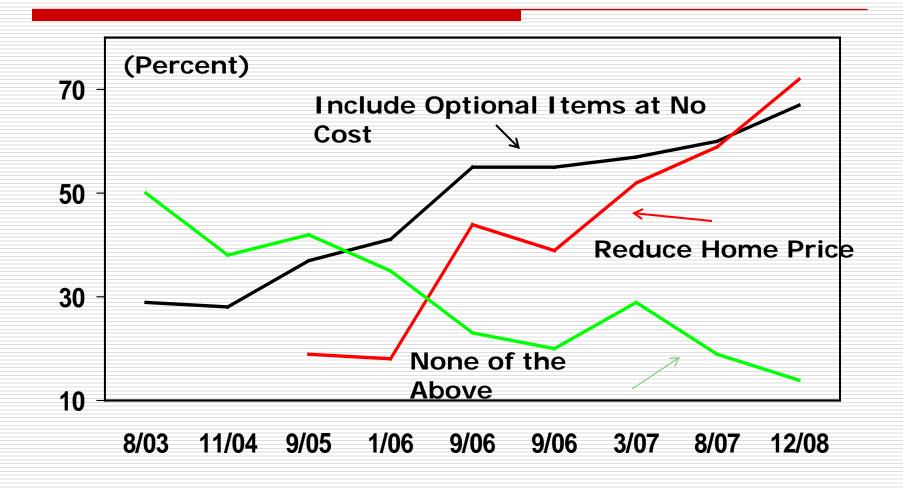


Peak to Trough: (May'06-Dec'08)

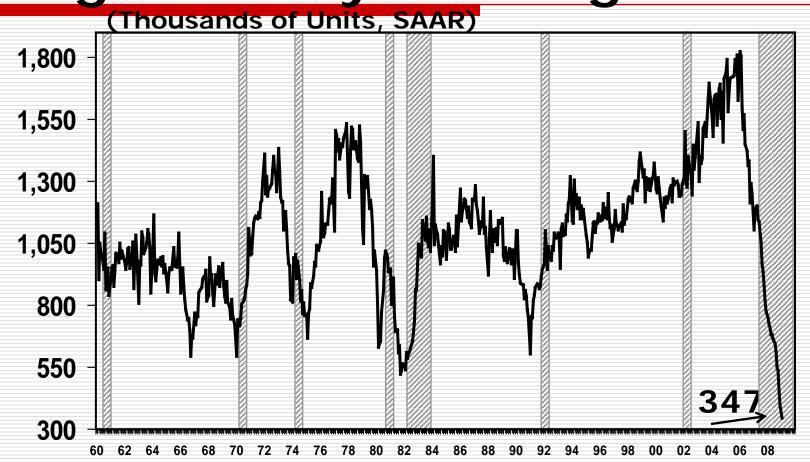
CS-10: -28.2%

CS-20: -26.7%

Home Builder Incentives



Single-Family Housing Starts



Housing Forecast

- ☐ 2009 starts will be almost half of 2008
- □ 2010 will see 40+% increase
- ☐ Turn should come mid-2009
- ☐ Good News:
 - Low mortgage interest rates
 - Low house prices
 - High affordability
 - Strong demographics
 - Stimulus legislation