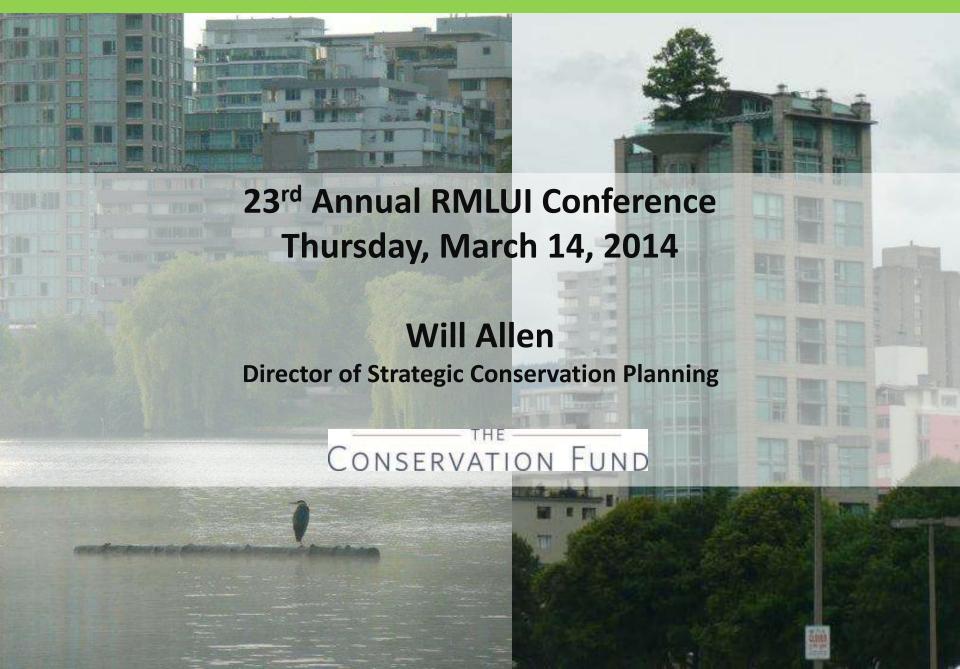
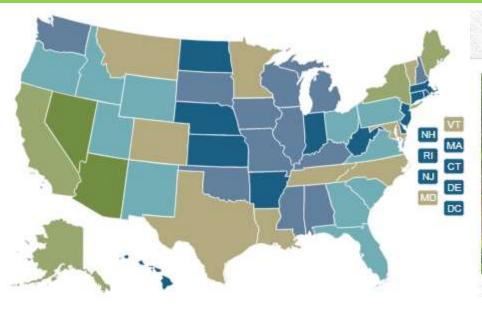
#### Framing An Urban Agenda for Nature



## Conservation Fund



## **Parks With Purpose**



Emma Millican Park in Atlanta, Georgia: Photo by Stacy Funderburke/The Conservation Fund.

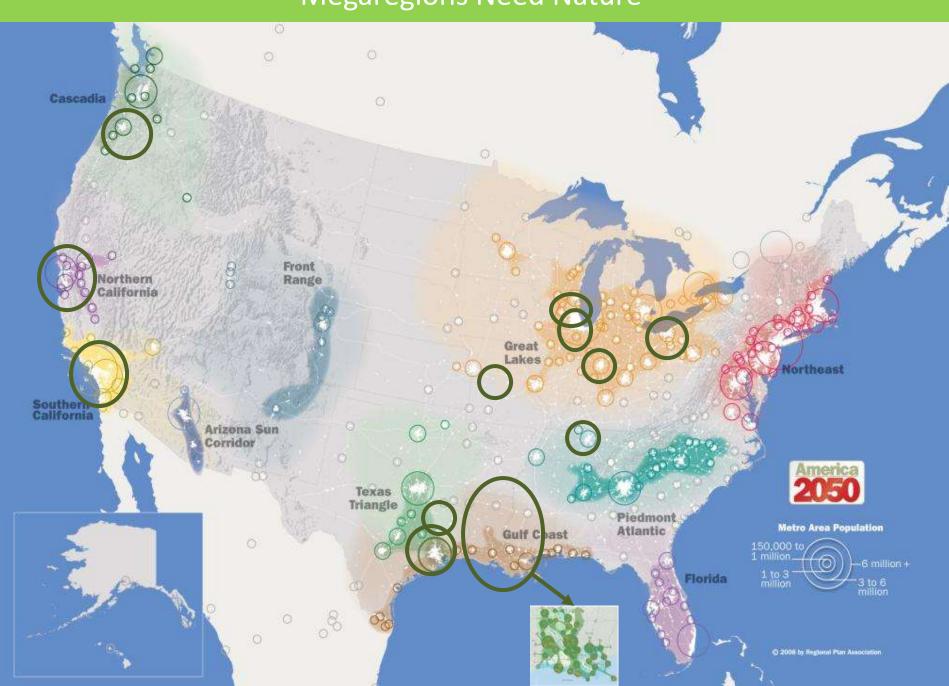
#### OVER 7,000,000+ ACRES SAVED

0-5,000 5,000-50,000 50,000-150,000 150,000-300,000 300,000-500,000 500,000+





#### Megaregions Need Nature



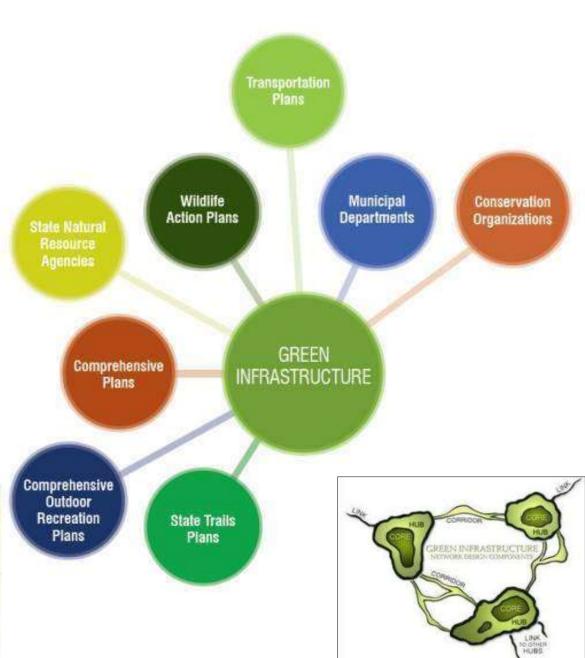
#### Green Infrastructure – Linking Megaregions & Large Landscapes

# Regional Green Infrastructure Vision

PROTECT RESTORE CONNECT

#### **MULTIPLE BENEFITS**





#### METROPOLITAN GREENSPACES ALLIANCE















- Cities and their regions as ecosystems
- Common vision
- Coalitions shape priority green infrastructure investments
- Collaboration and collective action









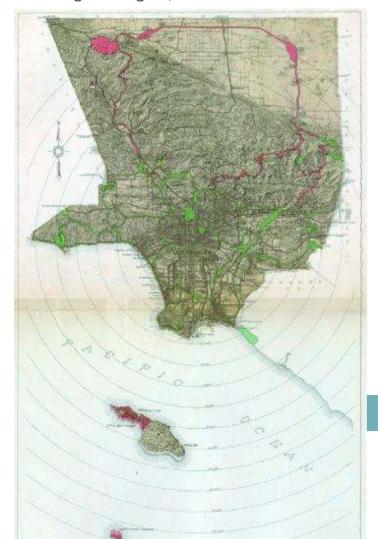


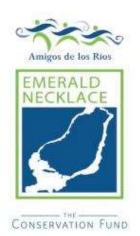




#### Los Angeles County: From the Mountains to the Sea, Forest to Ocean

Olmsted Brothers and Bartholomew & Associates, Los Angeles County Department of Public Works. Parks, Playgrounds, and Beaches for the Los Angeles Region, 1930

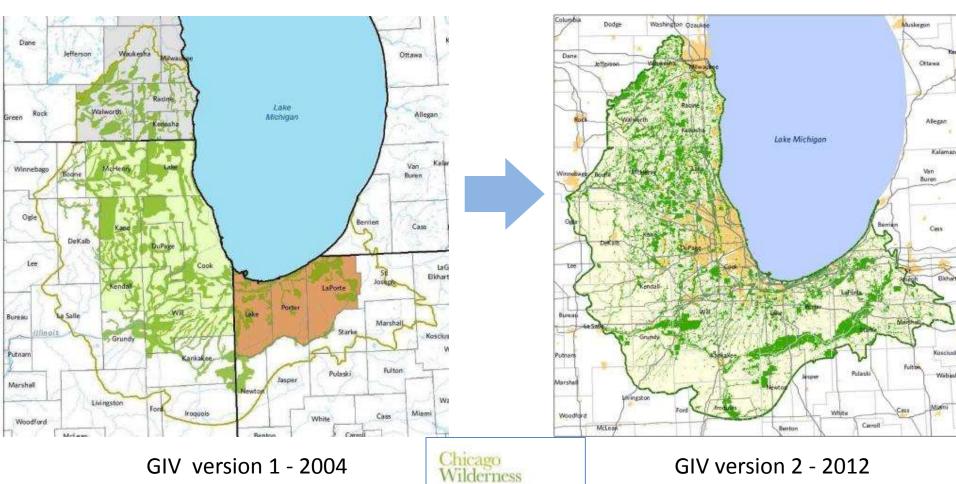








#### Chicago Wilderness Green Infrastructure Vision

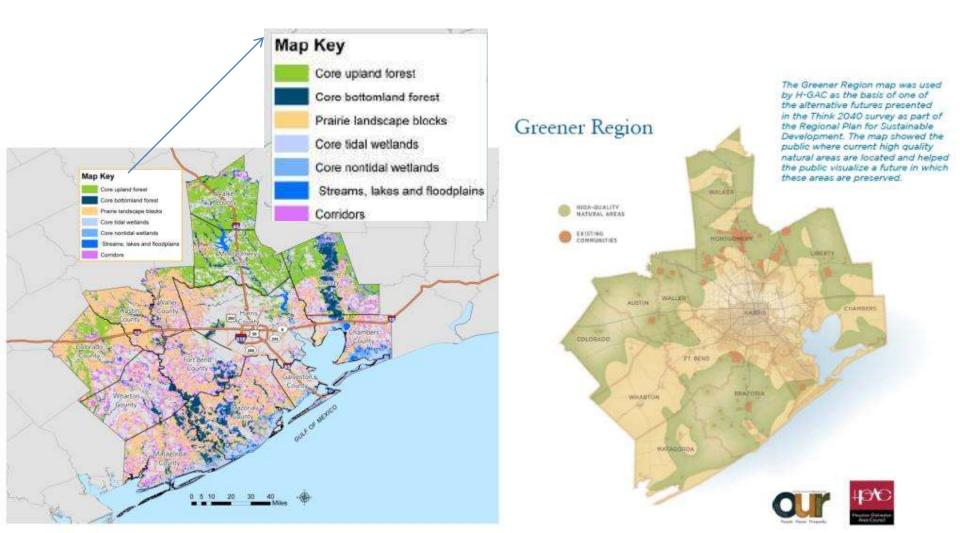


GIV version 1 - 2004

GIV version 2 - 2012

#### Houston-Galveston Green Infrastructure & Ecosystem Services

13-County GI Network provides ~91% of benefits for water quality,
 air quality, water supply, flood protection, and carbon sequestration.



#### Other Metropolitan Greenspace Initiatives





Columbia MO | Lufkin TX | Central Indiana Milwaukee WI | Nashville TN

The Greenseams™ Program

PRESERVE GUIDE

2001-2010 Ten Years In Review

#### National Agenda for Urban Conservation

#### Health | Livability | Economic Vitality | Resiliency





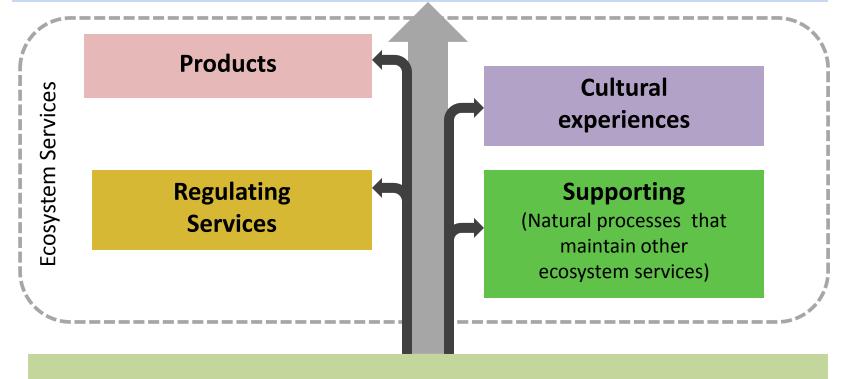




#### GI Network: Mapping Nature's Benefits

## **Human well-being**

Material needs, health, security, social relations, "quality of life"



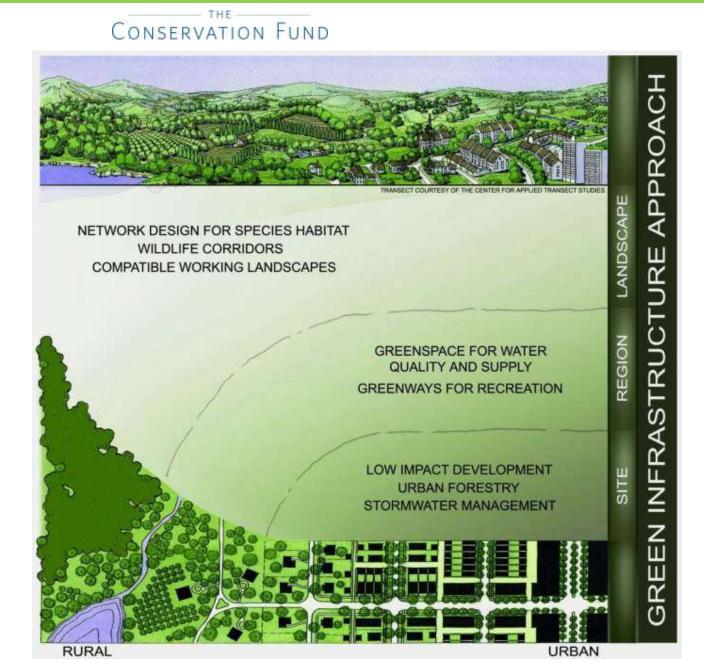
## **Ecological Capital**



#### Green Infrastructure – Linking Megaregions & Large Landscapes

A strategically planned and managed network of natural lands, working landscapes, and other open spaces that conserves ecosystem values and functions and provides associated benefits to human populations

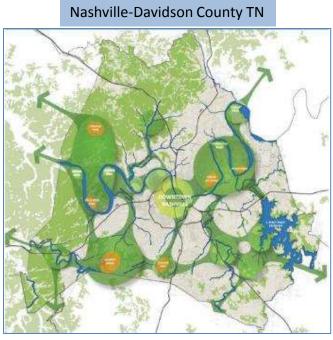
(Benedict & McMahon, 2006)

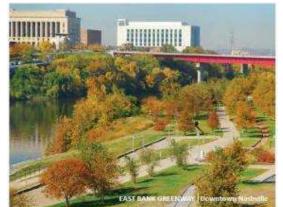


### Scales of Green Infrastructure Planning

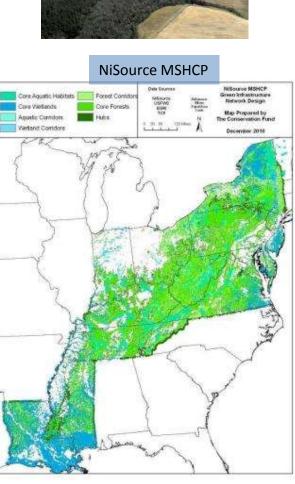
### CONSERVATION FUND



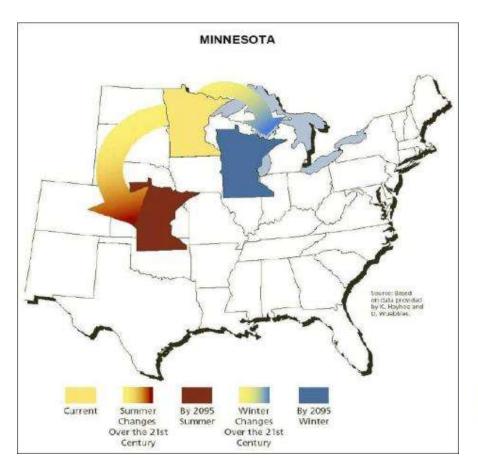








#### Climate Change Adaptation / Resiliency



- More extremes temperature & precipitation
- Range shifts
- Disturbances Floods, Wildfire,
   Insects, Disease

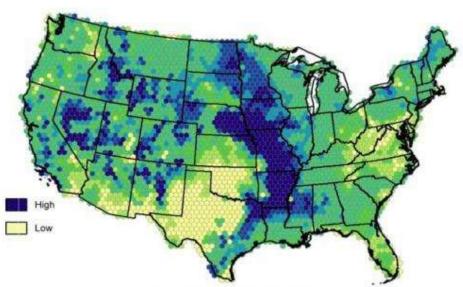
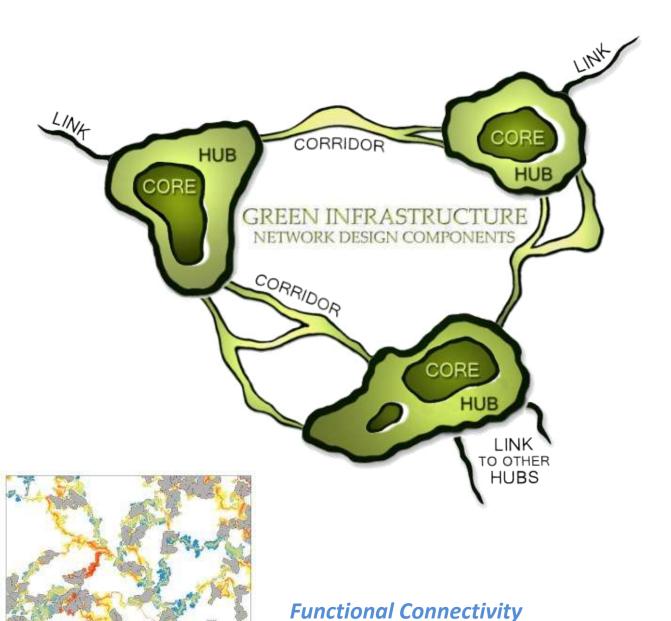


Figure 3.6 Climate Stress Index
(Source: U.S.D.A. Forest Service, Rocky Mountain Research Station, Wildlife Habitat Policy Research Program 2009)

#### GI Network: Protect | Restore | Connect





#### Cores:

- Contain fully functional natural ecosystems
- Provide high-quality habitat for native plants and animals

#### **Hubs:**

 Slightly fragmented aggregations of core areas, plus contiguous natural cover

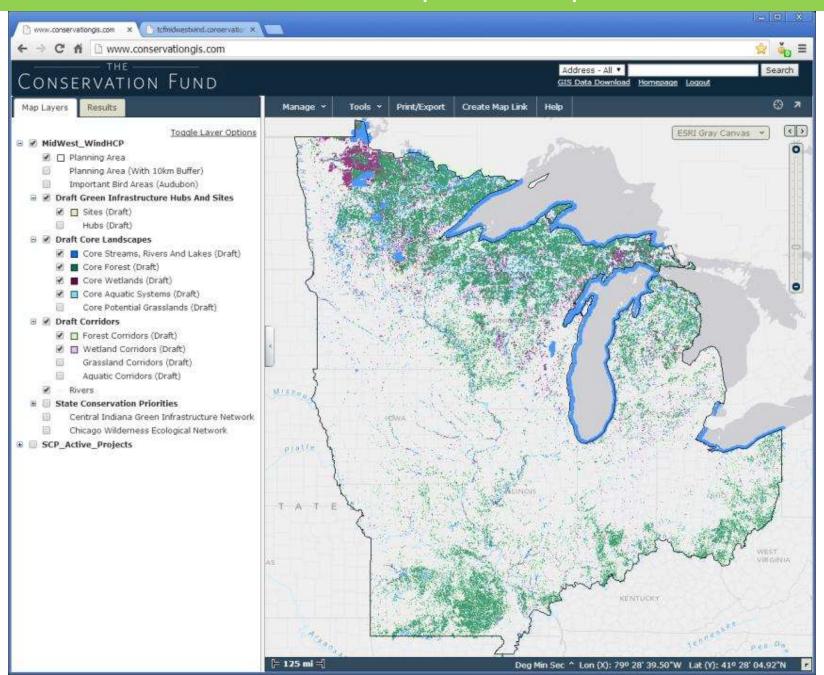
#### **Corridors:**

- Link core areas together
- Allow animal movement and seed and pollen transfer between core areas

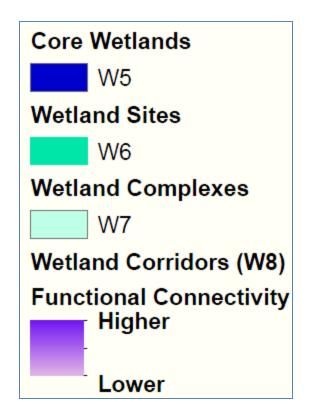
#### Sites:

 Important microhabitats not captured by network thresholds and criteria

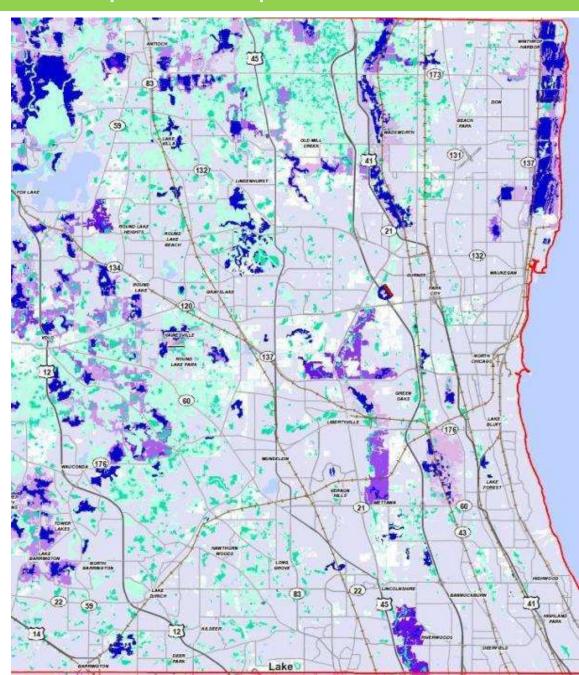
#### Gl Network: Protect | Restore | Connect



#### GI Network: Protect | Restore | Connect







#### Site Scale Green Infrastructure Implementation: Philadelphia

http://www.phillywatersheds.org/what\_were\_doing/documents\_and\_data/cso\_long\_term\_control\_plan



## Green City, Clean Waters

Green City, Clean Waters is Philadelphia's 25-year plan to protect and enhance our watersheds by managing stormwater with innovative green infrastructure. The Philadelphia Water Department developed Green City, Clean Waters to provide a clear pathway to a sustainable future while strengthening the utility, broadening its mission, and complying with environmental laws and regulations.

Nationwide, water utilities are confronting a new set of complex environmental, demographic and financial challenges while also trying to meet customer expectations for a safe and affordable water supply; the collection and treatment of wastewater and stormwater, flood protection; and clean, attractive, fishable, swimmable rivers and streams. There are also new challenges posed by aging infrastructure and the impacts of climate change on human health and our ecosystems. Meeting these challenges requires either a significant new investment in "grey" infrastructure (underground storage tanks and pipes) or a paradigm shift in our approach to urban water resources.

Over the past decade, PWD has created, tested and implemented new strategies to promote the economic and social growth of the City and meet environmental, ecological and business missions. As the City agency charged with ensuring compliance with the Federal Clean Water Act, PWD developed Green City, Clean Waters to protect and enhance our waterways by using green infrastructure systems that assist or mimic natural processes.











#### Green Infrastructure on Vacant/Underutilized Lands



Pretty vacants: Urban communities fill empty lots with gardens, skate parks, and creative possibility

By Christopher Weber

In 2011, videogame developer Tami Johnson, then 29, wanted to create an outdoor community space for her neighborhood in Brooklyn. In search of just the right spot, Johnson found an unusual website that mapped all the borough's vacant lots. It was like a Zillow for perfectly good land obscured by urban blight.



A Small Green Patch harvest norty time at A Small Green

It's harvest party time at A Small Green Patch in Brooklyn.

- New York City
  - > 596 Acres
- Philadelphia
  - Possible City
  - Grounded in Philly
- New Orleans
  - Living Lots



#### Framing An Urban Agenda for Nature

## CONSERVATION FUND

Will Allen
Director of Strategic Conservation Planning
919-967-2248

<u>wallen@conservationfund.org</u> <u>http://www.conservationfund.org/strategic-conservation</u>

